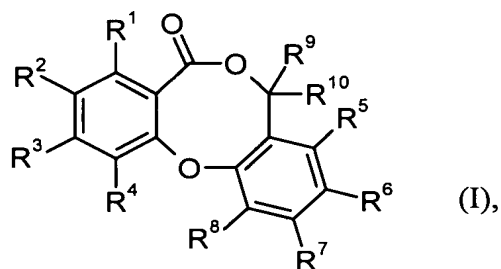


AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

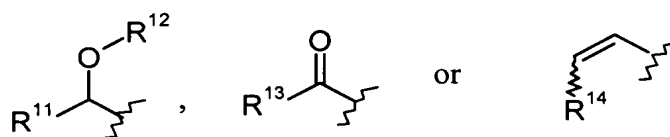
1. (Cancelled)
2. (Cancelled)
3. (Cancelled)
4. (Cancelled)
5. (Cancelled)
6. (Previously presented) A compound of the formula (I)



in which

R^1 represents hydrogen, halogen, cyano, (C_1-C_4) -alkyl, (C_1-C_4) -alkoxy, mono- or di- (C_1-C_4) -alkylamino, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, hydroxy, vinyl or ethynyl,

R^2 represents a group of the formula



where

R^{11} represents $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6)$ -alkyl or $(\text{C}_2\text{-C}_6)$ -alkenyl, each of which may be mono- or polysubstituted by substituents selected from the group consisting of $(\text{C}_3\text{-C}_6)$ -cycloalkyl, phenyl, $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4)$ -alkoxy and fluorine, or represents $(\text{C}_6\text{-C}_{10})$ -aryl which may be mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of halogen, $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4)$ -alkyl, $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4)$ -alkoxy, trifluoromethyl and trifluoromethoxy,

R^{12} represents hydrogen or formyl,

R^{13} and R^{14} each represent $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6)$ -alkyl,

R^3 and R^4 independently of one another represent hydrogen, halogen, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4)$ -alkyl, $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4)$ -alkoxy, $(\text{C}_2\text{-C}_4)$ -alkenyl or $(\text{C}_3\text{-C}_6)$ -cycloalkyl,

R^5 , R^6 and R^7 independently of one another represent hydrogen, halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxy, trifluoromethoxy, formyl, $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4)$ -alkoxy, $(\text{C}_2\text{-C}_4)$ -alkenyl, $(\text{C}_3\text{-C}_6)$ -cycloalkyl or represent $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4)$ -alkyl which may be substituted by hydroxy, trifluoromethoxy, $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4)$ -alkoxy or up to three times by fluorine,

R^8 represents a group of the formula $-\text{O}-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{R}^{16}$ where

R^{16} represents $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_8)$ -alkyl which is substituted by phenyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4)$ -alkoxy or up to three times by fluorine,

represents (C₃-C₁₂)-cycloalkyl which may be mono- or polysubstituted by substituents selected from the group consisting of phenyl, (C₂-C₆)-alkenyl, trifluoromethyl, (C₁-C₆)-alkyl, cyano and fluorine, where phenyl for its part may be mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of halogen, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl and (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy,

represents (C₃-C₁₂)-cycloalkenyl which may be substituted up to three times by (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, trifluoromethyl or fluorine,

represents a 5- to 7-membered mono- or bicyclic saturated or partially unsaturated heterocycle which has up to two heteroatoms from the group consisting of N, O and S and which may be substituted up to two times by (C₁-C₄)-alkyl,

or

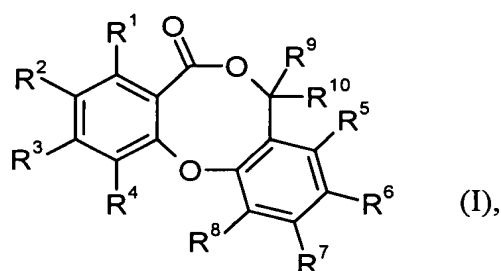
represents (C₆-C₁₀)-aryl which may be mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of halogen, nitro, cyano, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl and (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy,

and

R⁹ and R¹⁰ independently of one another represent hydrogen or (C₁-C₄)-alkyl,

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

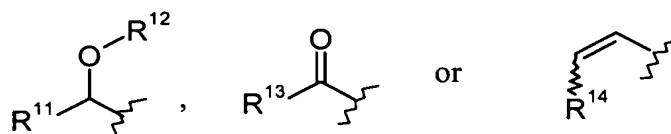
7. (Previously presented) A compound of the general formula (I)



in which

R^1 represents hydrogen, halogen, cyano, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, mono- or di-(C₁-C₄)-alkylamino, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, hydroxy, vinyl or ethynyl,

R^2 represents a group of the formula



where

R^{11} represents (C₁-C₆)-alkyl or (C₂-C₆)-alkenyl, each of which may be mono- or polysubstituted by substituents selected from the group consisting of (C₃-C₆)-cycloalkyl, phenyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy and fluorine, or represents (C₆-C₁₀)-aryl which may be mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of halogen, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, trifluoromethyl and trifluoromethoxy,

R^{12} represents hydrogen or formyl,

R^{13} and R^{14} each represent (C₁-C₆)-alkyl,

R^3 and R^4 independently of one another represent hydrogen, halogen, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, (C₂-C₄)-alkenyl or (C₃-C₆)-cycloalkyl,

R^5 , R^6 and R^7 independently of one another represent hydrogen, halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxy, trifluoromethoxy, formyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, (C₂-C₄)-alkenyl, (C₃-C₆)-cycloalkyl or represent (C₁-C₄)-alkyl which may be substituted by hydroxy, trifluoromethoxy, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy or up to three times by fluorine,

R^8 represents a group of the formula -O-C(O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸ where

R^{17} and R^{18} independently of one another represent hydrogen, (C₁-C₆)-alkyl which may be substituted by (C₁-C₄)-alkoxycarbonyl or up to three times by fluorine, represent (C₂-C₆)-alkenyl, (C₃-C₈)-cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkylsulphonyl or represent phenyl which may be mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of halogen and trifluoromethyl

or

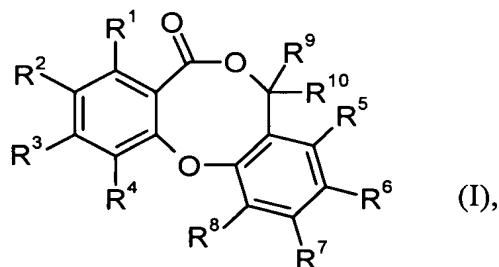
together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4- to 12-membered mono-, bi- or tricyclic saturated or partially unsaturated heterocycle which may contain up to two further heteroatoms from the group consisting of N, O and S and which may be substituted by phenyl or up to four times by (C₁-C₄)-alkyl,

and

R^9 and R^{10} independently of one another represent hydrogen or (C₁-C₄)-alkyl,

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

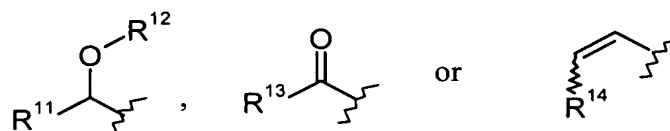
8. (Previously presented) A compound of the formula (I)



in which

R¹ represents hydrogen, halogen, cyano, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, mono- or di-(C₁-C₄)-alkylamino, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, hydroxy, vinyl or ethynyl,

R² represents a group of the formula



where

R¹¹ represents (C₁-C₆)-alkyl or (C₂-C₆)-alkenyl, each of which may be mono- or polysubstituted by substituents selected from the group consisting of (C₃-C₆)-cycloalkyl, phenyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy and fluorine, or represents (C₆-C₁₀)-aryl which may be mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of halogen, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, trifluoromethyl and trifluoromethoxy,

R¹² represents hydrogen or formyl,

R¹³ and R¹⁴ each represent (C₁-C₆)-alkyl,

R^3 and R^4 independently of one another represent hydrogen, halogen, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, (C₂-C₄)-alkenyl or (C₃-C₆)-cycloalkyl,

R^5 , R^6 and R^7 independently of one another represent hydrogen, halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxy, trifluoromethoxy, formyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, (C₂-C₄)-alkenyl, (C₃-C₆)-cycloalkyl or represent (C₁-C₄)-alkyl which may be substituted by hydroxy, trifluoromethoxy, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy or up to three times by fluorine,

R^8 represents a group of the formula -C(O)-OR¹⁹ where

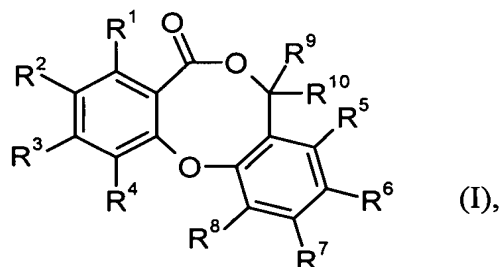
R^{19} represents (C₁-C₆)-alkyl which is substituted by (C₃-C₈)-cycloalkyl or represents (C₃-C₁₀)-cycloalkyl which may be substituted up to two times by (C₁-C₄)-alkyl,

and

R^9 and R^{10} independently of one another represent hydrogen or (C₁-C₄)-alkyl,

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

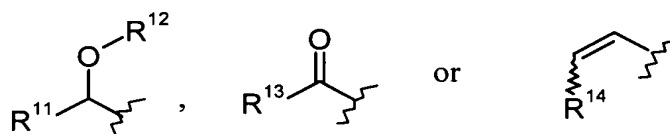
9. (Previously presented) A compound of the formula (I)



in which

R^1 represents hydrogen, halogen, cyano, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, mono- or di-(C₁-C₄)-alkylamino, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, hydroxy, vinyl or ethynyl,

R^2 represents a group of the formula



where

R^{11} represents (C₁-C₆)-alkyl or (C₂-C₆)-alkenyl, each of which may be mono- or polysubstituted by substituents selected from the group consisting of (C₃-C₆)-cycloalkyl, phenyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy and fluorine, or represents (C₆-C₁₀)-aryl which may be mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of halogen, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, trifluoromethyl and trifluoromethoxy,

R^{12} represents hydrogen or formyl,

R^{13} and R^{14} each represent (C₁-C₆)-alkyl,

R^3 and R^4 independently of one another represent hydrogen, halogen, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, (C₂-C₄)-alkenyl or (C₃-C₆)-cycloalkyl,

R^5 , R^6 and R^7 independently of one another represent hydrogen, halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxy, trifluoromethoxy, formyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, (C₂-C₄)-alkenyl, (C₃-C₆)-cycloalkyl or represent (C₁-C₄)-alkyl which may be substituted by hydroxy, trifluoromethoxy, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy or up to three times by fluorine,

R^8 represents a group of the formula $-NR^{20}-C(O)-R^{21}$ where

R^{20} represents hydrogen or (C_1-C_6) -alkyl,

and

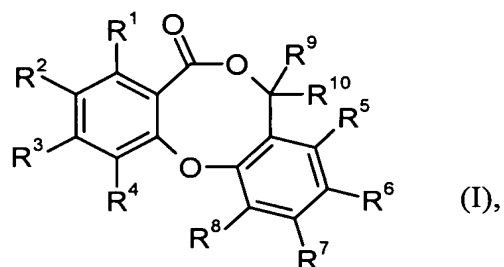
R^{21} represents (C_1-C_8) -alkoxy, (C_1-C_8) -alkyl, (C_6-C_{10}) -aryl or represents (C_3-C_{10}) -cycloalkyl which may be substituted up to two times by (C_1-C_4) -alkyl,

and

R^9 and R^{10} independently of one another represent hydrogen or (C_1-C_4) -alkyl,

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

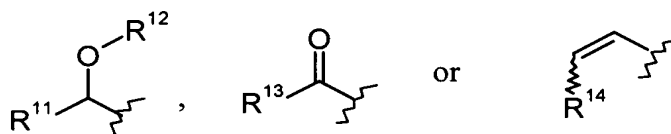
10. (Previously presented) A compound of the formula (I)



in which

R^1 represents hydrogen, halogen, cyano, (C_1-C_4) -alkyl, (C_1-C_4) -alkoxy, mono- or di- (C_1-C_4) -alkylamino, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, hydroxy, vinyl or ethynyl,

R^2 represents a group of the formula



where

R¹¹ represents (C₁-C₆)-alkyl or (C₂-C₆)-alkenyl, each of which may be mono- or polysubstituted by substituents selected from the group consisting of (C₃-C₆)-cycloalkyl, phenyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy and fluorine, or represents (C₆-C₁₀)-aryl which may be mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of halogen, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, trifluoromethyl and trifluoromethoxy,

R¹² represents hydrogen or formyl,

R¹³ and R¹⁴ each represent (C₁-C₆)-alkyl,

R³ and R⁴ independently of one another represent hydrogen, halogen, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, (C₂-C₄)-alkenyl or (C₃-C₆)-cycloalkyl,

R⁵, R⁶ and R⁷ independently of one another represent hydrogen, halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxy, trifluoromethoxy, formyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, (C₂-C₄)-alkenyl, (C₃-C₆)-cycloalkyl or represent (C₁-C₄)-alkyl which may be substituted by hydroxy, trifluoromethoxy, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy or up to three times by fluorine,

R⁸ represents a group of the formula -NR²²-C(O)-NR²³R²⁴ where

R²² represents hydrogen or (C₁-C₆)-alkyl,

and

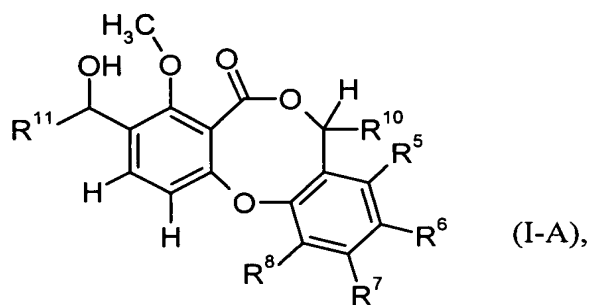
R^{23} and R^{24} independently of one another represent hydrogen, (C_1-C_6) -alkyl or (C_3-C_{10}) -cycloalkyl,

and

R^9 and R^{10} independently of one another represent hydrogen or (C_1-C_4) -alkyl,

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

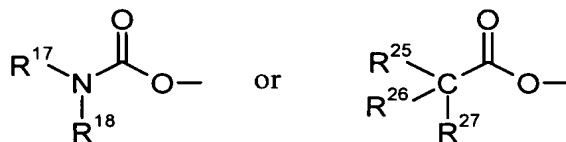
11. (Previously presented) A compound of the formula (I-A)



in which

R^5 , R^6 and R^7 independently of one another represent hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano or represent methyl or ethyl which may be substituted by methoxy or up to three times by fluorine,

R^8 represents a group of the formula



where

R^{17} and R^{18} independently of one another represent hydrogen, (C₁-C₆)-alkyl which may be substituted up to three times by fluorine, represent (C₃-C₆)-alkenyl or represent (C₃-C₆)-cycloalkyl,

or

together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4- to 10-membered mono-, bi- or tricyclic saturated or partially unsaturated heterocycle which may contain an oxygen atom as further heteroatom and which may be substituted up to four times by methyl,

R^{25} and R^{26} together with the carbon atom to which they are attached represent (C₃-C₁₀)-cycloalkyl which may be substituted up to four times by substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, methyl and trifluoromethyl, represent (C₅-C₁₀)-cycloalkenyl which may be substituted up to two times by methyl or represent a 5- to 7-membered saturated or partially saturated mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having a ring oxygen atom,

and

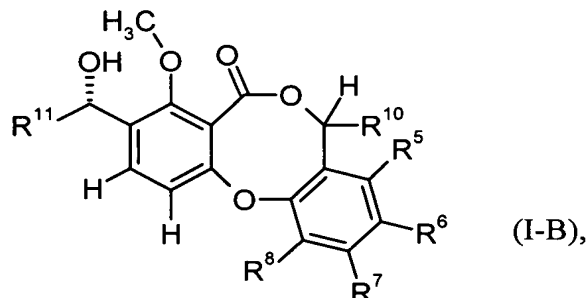
R^{27} represents hydrogen, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, cyano or trifluoromethyl,

R^{10} represents hydrogen, methyl or ethyl,

and

R^{11} represents (C_1-C_6) -alkyl or (C_2-C_6) -alkenyl, each of which may be mono- to trisubstituted by substituents selected from the group consisting of cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, methoxy and fluorine.

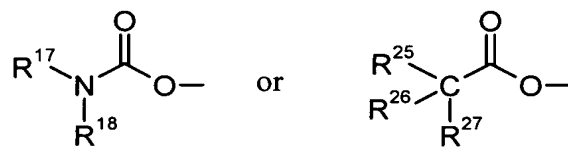
12. (Previously presented) A compound of the formula (I-B)



in which

R^5 , R^6 and R^7 independently of one another represent hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano or represent methyl or ethyl which may be substituted by methoxy or up to three times by fluorine,

R^8 represents a group of the formula



where

R^{17} and R^{18} independently of one another represent (C_1-C_6) -alkyl which may be substituted up to three times by fluorine, represent (C_3-C_6) -alkenyl or represent (C_3-C_6) -cycloalkyl,

or

together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4- to 10-membered saturated mono- or bicyclic heterocycle which may contain an oxygen atom as further heteroatom and which may be substituted up to two times by methyl,

R²⁵ and R²⁶ together with the carbon atom to which they are attached represent (C₃-C₁₀)-cycloalkyl which may be substituted up to four times by substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, methyl and trifluoromethyl, represent (C₅-C₇)-cycloalkenyl, 7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptanyl or represent 7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-enyl,

and

R²⁷ represents methyl, ethyl, propyl, cyano or trifluoromethyl,

R¹⁰ represents hydrogen, methyl or ethyl

and

R¹¹ represents (C₁-C₆)-alkyl or (C₂-C₆)-alkenyl, each of which may be mono- to trisubstituted by substituents selected from the group consisting of cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, methoxy and fluorine.

13. (Cancelled)

14. (Cancelled)

15. (Cancelled)

16. (Cancelled)

17. (Cancelled)

18. (Cancelled)